# - \& NORTHERN IRELAND BRIDGE UNION $\uparrow *$ 



Second Interclub - Heat B

$$
22^{\text {nd }}-24^{\text {th }} \text { November } 2023
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Guest Commentary by Paul Denning Many times Wales International

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \& } 62 \\ & \bullet \text { J986 } \\ & \text { J65 } \\ & * \text { A432 } \end{aligned}$ |  | Dealer: North <br> Neither Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dealer: East N-S Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  | $\pm$ | - | $\checkmark$ | 4 | NT |  |  |  | 4 | - | $\checkmark$ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | NT |
|  |  | N | - | - | - | 4 | - |  | K84 | N | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | S | - | - | - | 4 | - |  | - 97653 | S | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | E | - | 2 | 1 | - | - |  | 1082 | E | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  |  | W | - | 2 | 1 | - | - |  |  | W | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Do you play double of a strong NT as penalties? Some enterprising souths may get the chance to do that and west will happily pass hoping for a doubled overtrick. Whilst the seven spade tricks are cashed north will have a chance to show a top card in the heart suit. If that was by a first discard of the $\downarrow 3$ then south will need to underlead the $\vee \mathrm{A}$ to get the maximum of plus 800 .

Many other tables will just settle for a spade contract and $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{s}$ should score well if they reach game.


After a 1. opener north has quite a good raise to 2 A . East may join in with 2NT, then 3 and if west also joins in they may push $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{s}$ into game which makes easily with two club ruffs. If $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{s}$ do bid game $\mathrm{e} / \mathrm{w}$ will have the chance of the rare occurrence of taking the vulnerable against non-vulnerable sacrifice.

A normal 3NT contract with a very favourable heart position for declarer. Declarer has time to set up their three spade tricks to make the total up to ten.


A hand where opening a strong no trump as north will do you no favours due to the vulnerability. Playing there E/W have a chance to take eight tricks for the excellent score of plus 200.

If north opens a suit the best E/W can do is find their heart contract, and they will have to do well to judge to play at the three level if $N / S$ compete to $2 \boldsymbol{A}$.


After a strong NT by west, north will need to enter the bidding at some stage. Either by an immediate 2NT to show the minors or with a delayed 2NT after east bids stayman or transfers. Careful play will lead to ten tricks.

Not a good hand to be playing the contract as N/S. South may think they have a good hand, but nearly every card is placed badly for them. Those playing in spades may lose 150 which compares with the 120 available to E/W in No Trumps.

|  | Dealer: North E-W Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  | 10 <br> - AKJ7 <br> - KJ10 <br> - K10 <br> * Q975 |  | Dealer: East Both Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * AO10 <br> * 9642 |  | $\pm$ | - | $\checkmark$ | 4 | NT |  | - 32 |  | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | - | $\checkmark$ | $\pm$ | NT |
| A 105 | N | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | Q10963 | N | 3 | 5 | - | 2 | 4 |
| - Q9 | S | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |  |  | S | 3 | 5 | - | 2 | 4 |
| * 1875 | E | - | - | - | - | - |  | $\Delta K 11084$ | E | - | - | 2 | - | - |
|  | W | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | W | - | - | 2 | - | - |

3NT and $4 a$ are the normal contracts and the play in both A lively hand with all players having a say in the auction. contracts can be quite complicated.

In 3NT you win the diamond lead and knock out the A^. Best from east is now to exit a spade to. Declarer can cash the spades and must then hope the $K \checkmark$ is right for them. Declarer makes three diamond tricks this way leaving the stranded $A \bullet$ in dummy.

In 4a on a diamond lead it seems best to play a heart towards the queen in the hope of an entry to dummy. East may win and if they are patient and just play another heat declarer may try to cash $\mathrm{K} \bullet$ which will result in a loser in each suit. It's not obvious that declarer needs to be playing a club to their king.



Two strong no trumps on the same hand. If you declare 1 NT as south then careful defense will keep you to five tricks for the dreaded minus 200.

If you declare 1NT as west then careful defense keeps you to just seven tricks which will not score well compared to the vulnerable undertricks that N/S are losing. To keep 1NT to seven tricks after a heart lead, west will duck the first two rounds, now south can work out that west has Av for their 1NT overcall, so it must be right to switch to one of the black suits.

3NT by east seems the normal contract. Both declarer and defenders will need to see through the backs of the cards to ensure the maximum number of tricks. South with a choice of three suits to lead may lead a heart which will make declarer's life easy. A small spade is also helpful, but declarer will still need to work out how to play the heart suit.



Another part score battle. South will need to bid their spades at some point in the auction or may be frozen out of it. Getting away with minus 50 in $3 v$ will score well for e/w.

Eleven tricks are available in diamonds, but will $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{s}$ reach such dizzying heights? Perhaps if north overcalls $2 \star$ and then as a passed hand a 2^ by south should really show some diamond support. A natural 4 may now do the trick as they will be raised to game.


Nine tricks are available for N/S in a spade contract, although careful play will be required. West may have some say in the bidding.

A normal four heart contract with a loser in three suits.


When north plays in 2NT a small club lead will do east no A spade contract by $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{s}$ will normally make just nine favours as their hand will now be cut off allowing north to establish nine tricks by way of three tricks in both red suits (watch the diamond pips carefully). tricks. The defenders have the chance of taking the first four tricks including their club ruff with east carefully giving suit preference on the $A K *$ to show where their entry is. Even without this south is unlikely to guess the spade suit to play it for one loser.


A heart contract may make more than the Deep Finesse's prescribed nine tricks if the defense do not draw trumps quickly. Declarer can make ten tricks by taking two spade ruffs. Eleven tricks will be available on a club lead.

With E/W holding a combined 25 points game in spades or No Trumps is normal, but both contracts are doomed to failure.

|  | Dealer: North E-W Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  | 26 <br> - $A Q$ <br> - QJ10 <br> - 8765 <br> - Q987 |  |  | Dealer: East Both Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |
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| - 108 K9763 |  | $\pm$ | - | $\uparrow$ | 4 | NT |  |  |  |  | $\pm$ | $\bullet$ | $\checkmark$ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | NT |
| a 92 | N | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  | N | - | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| - 104 | S | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |  | - A6 |  | S | - | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| - AQ4 <br> \& KJ9632 | E | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | E | - | 3 | - | - | 1 |
|  | W | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | W | - | 3 | - | - | 1 |

2. may be a common contract and ten tricks can be made by a not very obvious line of play. You have to knock out the A so you can discard a diamond from dummy, and then after taking the diamond finesse along the way you can ruff a diamond in dummy. Defenders can only stop the ruff by giving away a trump trick.

Without this line of play defenders just have to play carefully to save giving away the tenth trick.

Contracts of 1NT and $3 *$ seem most likely, giving scores in the range of +90 to +130 for E/W. To score best the defenders will need to lead a spade through the AQ before declarer sets up their two club winners.

|  | Dealer: South Neither Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dealer: West N-S Vulnerable |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\pm$ | - | $\checkmark$ | 4 | NT |  |  |  | 3 | - | $\checkmark$ | $\Delta$ | NT |
|  | N | - | 1 | 3 | - | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q Q1092 } \\ & \bullet 943 \\ & * \text { A53 } \\ & * \text { Q95 } \end{aligned}$ |  | N | 5 | - | - | 5 | 2 |
|  | S | - | 1 | 3 | - | 1 |  |  | S | 5 | - | - | 5 | 2 |
|  | E | 1 | - | - | 2 | - |  |  | E | - | 2 | 1 | - | - |
|  | W | 1 | - | - | 2 | - |  |  | W | - | 2 | 1 | - | - |

A fairly normal $3 v$ for $N / S$. When north gets in with the A ${ }_{\wedge}$ and crosses to the $K \vee$ they will be pleased to see the Qv appear. After the diamond finesse careful play will be required, playing diamonds through the east hand to achieve their goal of nine tricks.

So on to the final board of the set. We were all hoping for a couple of juicy slams to spice up the evening, but none appeared.

4^ should be a fairly standard contract with eleven tricks available.

| Ave HCP | N 10.39 | S 9.50 | E 9.46 | W 10.65 | Balanced | N 11 | S 13 | E 14 | W 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voids/singletons | N 3/14 | S 1/10 | E $2 / 7$ | W $2 / 5$ | 7+ suit | N 3 | S 1 | E 1 | W 0 |

